The situation is regarded as being most grave, in view of the attitude of Germany, and the absence of any sign that Turkey will modify her conditions. In official Turkish circles the proposed annexation of Thessaly is not regarded as being the conquest of part of Greece. The Turks argue that this province was ceded to Greece for definite purposes and that as the Greeks

have abused the rights conferred upon

them Turkey resumes possession of the ter-

ritory belonging to her. GREEKS IN RETREAT.

Falling Back at AH Points on Thes salian Frontier.

LAMIA, Thessaly, May 18, 7 a.m.-The Greeks have abandoned Domokos. ATHENS, May 18.-A private telegram received here this morning announces that the Greeks have abandoned Almyros, which has been occupied by 1,500 Turks.

Gen. Smolenski is retreating on Kephalosi ATHENS, May 18.-Cols. Vassos and Limbricis start for the front today, with

the whole of the garrison of Athens. ATHENS, May 18.-It is reported that the Greek retreat on Othry mountains was marked by great confusion and disorders.

STORY OF YESTERDAY'S FIGHT.

Battle in Front of Domokos Fiercest of the War.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE GREEK ARMY, DOMOKOS, May 17 (Delayed in Transmission).-The battle between the Turks and Greeks, which began here at noon today (Monday), was by far the flercest of the war. The Turks now in front of Domokos advanced their infantry in extended order, making a sustained attack upon the Greek trenches. The musketry rattle has been incessant for the last four hours, but the Turks have not appreciably

The Ottoman batteries in position are hardly less than one hundred, outnumbering ours by two to one.

advanced.

The burning villages show that the en emy is already some way around our right. Crown Prince Constantine is watching the battle from the heights between Acropolis and an old fort, upon each of which places siege guns have been mounted. The re verberations of their reports in the bills Nothing more panoramic can be imagined than the fight, extending fully six miles along the open plain, lit by the rays of the sun, with Mount Pindus and the frontier hills sharply outlined against

The actual Greek losses so far have been small, in consequence of the strength of their positions and the number of their entrenchments. The Turks, who were much exposed, must have lost heavily. An artillery caisson blew up in the rear of the battery in front of Mea at 6 o'clock,

killing several men. The ladies of the Red Cross Society drove to the scene of the fighting from Domok's and remained in the field throughout the

Greeks' Destitute Condition.

MANCHESTER, England, May 18.-The Guardian today publishes a dispatch from its special correspondent with the Greeks which says: "The destitution of the Greeks in Epirus is appalling. Everything they had in the world has been burned or pillaged. The scenes in their flight were dreadful. Young girls flung themselves from the rocks to escape outrage, and a youth shot his two sisters to save them from outrage. A boy who was captured by the Turks had his fips, nose and ears cut off and his eyes torn out before he was killed."

Turkish Commanders Decorated. CONSTANTINOPLE, May 18.-The sultan

has decorated the commanders of the various corps of Turkish troops which have been operating against the Greeks in The ministry of public works has decided

to dispatch engineers to Thessaly for the of rebuilding the railroads which have been damaged during the course of the campaign. Telegrams from Volo are now coming in

Turkish characters. News Received at Arta

ATHENS, May 18.-The Turks have hoisted the white flag at Arta, from which it is judged that the Turkish commander has received instructions that an armistice

Confirmed From English Sources. LONDON, May 18 .- The officials of the British foreign office this evening confirm the report that the Turkish commanders have received orders to arrange with the Greek commanders for an armistice.

OVERMEYER A RISING STAR.

His Friends Regard Him as a Silverite Presidential Candidate. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 18.-David Overmeyer, the silver champion of Kansas, will doubtless loom up as a candidate for President or Vice President of the silver-

ites if the silver wing of the democracy

remains in the saddle during the next cam-

paign.

He has received a number of letters from the has received a number of letters from the hand of the letters from t prominent silver democrats throughout the country suggesting that he may be called upon to lead the party. It is said that Bryan himself has written, indicating that he would like to have Overmeyer as a running mate the next time.

ALTGELD IN A SANITARIUM.

ment for Nervous Prostration.

CHICAGO, May 18.- The Chronicle says: "A dispatch from Milwaukee announces that ex-Gov. Altgeld of Illinois has been in that city for two weeks, a patient in the Sacred Heart Sanitarium. It was generally known that the ex-governor was suffering from nervous prostration, but his retreat to Milwaukee was unknown to any but his most intimate friends.

"The physicians in charge of the institu-tion say the ex-governor feels greatly im-proved in health, as a result of the treat-ment he received, but was not, in fact, very sick when he went to the place."

VICTIM OF THE PARIS FIRE.

Madeline Le Clery, Whose Mother Was a Native of St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 18.-Mrs. Ferdinand Garesch received a telegram last evening stating that her great niece, Miss Madeline Le Clerq, fifteen years old, was among those burned to death in the charity bazaar

those burned to death in the charity bazaar holocaust at Paris.

Miss Le Clerq's mother was born in St. Louis, and the family was well known here. Her grandmother, Mrs. Naomi La Baume Hicks, lives in Rue de Courcelles, Paris. Madeline was her only grandchild.

Miss Marle Garesch of New York received the first information that Miss Le Clerq was among the victims, and she telegraphed Mrs. Ferdinand Garesch.

MEMORIALS TO ILLINOIS TROOPS.

Commission Will Erect Nine Monuments on Tennessee Battlefields SPRINGFIELD, III., May 18,-The IIIinois battlefield monument commission has decided to erect nine monuments each at Lookout mountain and at the north end of Mission ridge to the Illinois regiments which participated in those battles. They also received plans for a granite monument, 100 feet high, which it is proposed to erect on the top of Mission ridge, on the spot where the confederate Gen. Bragg had his headquarters.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 18.-A special to the Evening Post from Owensboro, Ky., says: W. J. McConell, the noted temperance lecturer of Cleveland, Ohio, became suddenly deranged while speaking at Whitesville, seven miles from this city, last night. No cause can be assigned ex-cept overwork and nervous prostration.

W. B. VAN AKEN WAS HIS ASSAILANT

Supposed to Be Interested With

McPherson in a Law Suit

NEW YORK, May 18.-An attempt was

made today to kill ex-United States Sena-

tor J. R. McPherson in his office in the

States for about eighteen years, is now

president of the Western Stock Yards Com-

pany, with offices in the Aldridge building

The ex-Senator occupied an inner office,

while the outer office is for his secretary,

Both men were in their usual place

about 11 o'clock this morning, when two

men entered. One was Van Aken, a well-built man, about five feet ten inches in

secretary's office, past Mr. Low and into the inner office, where Senator McPherson sat. Senator McPherson was looking over some papers at his desk, and sat with his back to the door. Both men walked up to him and spoke to him.

Wenk From Shock.

Just what they said is not known, as the

senator has not quite recovered from the

shock, and cannot yet tell what really

happened. He is so weak that a nurse al

Mr. Low, the secretary, says that he

heard Van Aken say something to the

Mr. Low remembers hearing Senator Mc

Pherson tell Van Aken that he could say nothing about the suit, and must refer him

to his lawyer. After that Mr. Low took

of him to feel his way. Before Mr. Low could rise from his seat Van Aken clutched the ex-senator with his right hand, and fumbled with his left behind his back. Van

Struggle for the Revolver.

When Mr. Low caught Van Aken's arm,

the half-blind man had succeeded in pulling

a revolver from his pocket. He had raised

it until the muzzle was almost against

the trembling old man's heart. With a

quick movement Mr. Low knocked the

weapon up. In doing so he managed to get

his finger caught in the trigger. Van Aken,

still clutching the senator, who was shout-

ing for assistance, pulled madly at the

houts other tenants came crowding in.

After a short struggle Van Aken was dis

armed and overpowered.

Before a policeman arrived Van Aken de-

sisted from struggling. He was taken over

After Senator McPherson had somewhat ecovered from the effects of the shock e said that he had never before seen Van

Aken or his companion. He had been told.

violently twisted around the chair Senator McPherson was sitting in until he directly

ed into the front office.

Van Aken was arraigned in police court

this afternoon and remanded in default of

Mr. McPherson has since admitted that he

knew Van Aken several years ago, but added that the appearance of the latter had

so change i that at first he did not recognize

Van Aken is a Contractor.

once a very wealthy man, owned a prop-

erty in New Jersey and was a contractor.

"I never had direct transaction with the

man, but he came to me afterward and

elaimed that I had entered into an agree-

ment with him to run the farm on equal

go away; if he wanted to know anything about the case he must go to my lawyer. When I had said that his accomplice de-

liberately turned a chair, so that Van Aken was exactly opposite me and sat

McPherson said that he is very anxious

to secure the capture of Van Aken's com-

panion, who was poorly dressed, and not

the sort of looking man whom Van Aken

shoot him, but simply wanted a settlement

WOULD NOT RECONSIDER.

DOVER, Del., May 18.-The house by a

rote of 8 to 7 has refused to reconsider

the vote by which the bill granting a di-

vorce to Mrs. Laurel Crocker Acklan of Cleveland was indefinitely postponed. This will prevent Mrs. Acklan from get-ting a divorce through the Delaware legis-

BIG COMMITTEE APPOINTED.

San Francisco Making Arrangements to Receive Christian Endeavorers.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 18.-The com-

nittee to receive the members of the Chris-

tian Endeavor Society, who are soon to come to California, will consist of nine

hundred members, led by a staff of thirty-

Eastern members coming over the north-ern and central routes will be met at Fres-no. The committees will afford the visit-ors all necessary information and look after accommodations for them.

Delaware Legislature Refuses Take Up Acklan Case Again.

would know intimately. Van Aken, it court, declared that in going to the office of Mr. McPherson he had no intention to

he man is insane.

the Tombs.

of the suit.

"Van Aken," said Mr. McPherson, "was

companion at this juncture hurried

Aken's

ways accompanies him to his office.

The other man was somewhat Both men walked through the

Van Aken was arrested.

Edward F. Lew.

LATE NEWS BY WIRE

THE HOUSE PROGRAM

MR. MASON ON CUBA

Spaniard sells his daughter, murders his how and conceasing the facts, the people must rely on the American correspondent to get at the facts. The senator paid a glowing tribute to those correspondent to get at the facts. The senator paid a glowing tribute to those correspondent to get at the facts to the get at the facts to the facts to the death of Correspondent Crosby, who fell on the field during an engagement.

Senate.

Senate.

Spaniard sells his daughter, murders his how and consceasing the facts, the people must rely on the American correspondent to get at the facts. The senator paid a glowing tribute to those correspondent up their lives to present the facts to the American people. He referred to the death of Correspondent Crosby, who fell on the field during an engagement.

Action of Committee on Rules-What Mr. Balley Proposes-Course of the Speaker.

port a special order to the House Thursday providing for the immediate consideration of the Cuban relief resolution. This could have been done yesterday and all delay avoided had the President notified SAVED BY HIS SECRETARY the Speaker of the House that the message was to be sent to Congress. The President failed to communicate with the Speaker, and consequently no preparations were made in advance to meet the contingency that it could easily have been foreseen by Aldridge building, this city. William B.

The committee on rules will probably re-

Van Aken, who made the attempt, is part-It is the intention of Mr. Bailey to make ly blind, and is said to be interested in a minority proposition when the report of suit in which the senator is also involved. the rules committee is made to the House, Van Aken had an accomplice in the matter, so as to provide that after the relief reso whose name is unknown, and who escaped. lution has been disposed of the House shall at once proceed with the consideration of Senator McPherson, who represented the resolution recognizing the belligerency New Jersey in the Senate of the United of the Cubans. He will claim the right of the minority to present this as a counter proposition to the majority report, includ-ing the majority proposition. He recognizes that the Speaker can cut

the Speaker would arise.

him off from offering this proposition by having the previous question, but ex-presses doubt that Mr. Reed will go to such extent to prevent the sentiment of the House finding expression in a vote. He is probably mistaken in his calcula-tion as to this, however. The Speaker will undoubtedly hold that the rights of the minority do not extend beyond the privi-lege to present their views and that they ege to present their views, and that they cannot submit a substitute proposition.

It is not the intention to permit Mr. Bailey to force the House to a vote on the question of belligerency. He might move to recommit, but it has already been held by the Speaker that such a motion cannot be coupled with instructions, so that seems impossible, under the Speaker's rul-ings, to get a direct vote on billigerency. The situation in this respect would not be improved any from the point of view of the pro-Cubans, if the committee on foreign affairs were to be appointed, since that committee would be able to nold the belligerency resolution back as long as deemed desirable.

Distribution of Relief. The question of how relief is to be sent

senator about wanting him to settle a suit.

Mr. Low says that both men seem to have
an interest in a suit over the Belle Meade
stock farm, on the Lehigh railroad, in New to the American citizens in Cuba after the appropriation is made is a complicated one; and, in fact, a number of complications seem likely to arise in the matter. One proposition is to place the money at the disposal of our consuls in Cuba, and to have them purchase the supplies there.

no further notice until, a minute or so later, the private office door was suddenly pushed open. With a cry of alarm the Another proposition is to have the pro-visions supplied through the army and navy and shipped directly to our consuls in the several Cuban ports by the regular transportation lines. aged ex-senator came quickly out into the front office. Groping his way, in a fury of blind haste, Van Aken followed. His companion was endeavoring to guide him through the doorway, but Van Aken hur-ried ahead, putting his hands out in front

Another is to charter vessels or to use naval vessels for the purpose.

The difficulty in the way of the latter purpose that the telephone to the charter vessels for the purpose. proposition is that it is feared that it would give offense to Spain. On the other hand if the provisions are sent by the regular transportation lines they will be dumped in bulk upon the hands of our consuls at the several Cuban ports, without proper care or means of distribution It would involve the establishment of warehouses. But if the money is placed at the credit of consuls to purchase supplies

n Cuba they will have to pay two or three prices for everything.

Another question that is raised is whether the sending of provisions to Americans in Cuba, without coupling this action with some demand upon Spain that she leaded the people to resume their usual occupations, is not really an assistance to the leaded to the state of the s pistol, which now was pointed at the cell-ing and rendered harmless by Mr. Low's finger in the trigger. In answer to the that extent of the strain upon the limited supplies of the Spanish communities where

people are concentrated. It is suggested that this relief may be positive assistance to the Cuban cause, and may have often to be repeated if no demards for a correction of the conditions is made upon Spain. to the Center street police court. He is a well-dressed man, and gave his address at a 10th avenue hotel, this city.

PERMITTING RAILWAY POOLING.

Give Their Views.

The question of the propriety of the enhowever, that Van Aken had made threats that he would shoot him at the first opactment of a law permitting pooling by railroads was under consideration today by portunity, but he paid no attention to the matter. When the men came into his of-fice and began to talk excitedly about some the subcommittee of the Senate committee on interstate commerce appointed for this suit. Senator McPherson says he asked them to leave. Van Aken's companion then purpose, and Messrs. Morrison and Knapp, members of the interstate commerce commission, were heard. faced Van Aken. As Senator McPherson got up to leave Van Aken made an attempt to hold him, but he broke away and rush-

The Foraker bill was utilized as a basis of action, but the members of the commission seemed more favorably inclined toward the Patterson bill of the last ses-sion, as originally introduced. No conclu-sion was reached, and another meeting of the subcommittee probably will be held be-fore any recommendations to the full comfore any recommendations to the full committee are determined upon. It seems probable that the recommendations of the subcommittee will embody the suggestions of the commissioners, and they hope to be prepared to report their conclusions at the next regular meeting of the full committee, which will be held Thursday, unless present plans are altered. present plans are altered.

SEEKING INFORMATION.

He built several docks in this city and New Jersey. He was obliged to mortgage a good deal of his property, and I bought Questions Regarding Charities Adone of his Jersey farms at a mortgage sale. dressed to Many City Officials.

The congressional joint relect committee to investigate charities and reformatory institutions in the District of Columbia has addressed a letter to the mayors of about seventy-five principal cities throughout the country requesting answers to the following series of questions:

shares. He insisted that I owed him \$280,000, and in November last brought suit in the supreme court. I had the suit transferred to the United States court, and since that time he has not attempted to re-vive the suit. I am inclined to believe that the man is Insane. (1). Whether any charitable institution in the city, of which you are mayor receives the whole or a part of its mainte-"Van Aken told me this morning that he was tired out waiting for his lawyer to settle the case, and thought that we could settle it between us. I told him I did not want to talk with him, and that he'd better nance from municipal or state moneys. (2). Are any public moneys appropriated

to aid charitable institutions under the care or control of any religious denomina-(3). Are any public moneys appropriated to aid charitable institutions controlled by private corporations, whether secrarian or

Aken was exactly opposite me and sat with his his knees against mine.
"Then Van Aken said: 'Will you settle the case?' I said that I would not. He made a move toward his hip pocket, and I got u pand went out into my secretary's office. If it had not been for Mr. Low's actions in the matter I would have been killed." unsectarian? (4). In case public moneys are appro-priated, please give the names of the insti-tutions and the amounts of the annual appropriations.

Favorable Report on Gen. Bliss. The Senate committee on military affairs today decided upon a favorable report on the nomination of Gen. Z. R. Bliss to be major general.

Rufus N. Williams, the attorney for Van Aken, said that he would not put in any defense, and the case was set for the grand jury. Mr. Williams went to look for a bondsman, and the prisoner was taken to Government Receipts. Government receips today-From customs, \$673,774; internal revenue, \$268,817; miscellaneous, \$81,352. National bank notes received for redemption, \$306,383.

Died This Morning.

Henry Hettler, the man who was struck by a train near Jackson City, Sunday, as published in yesterday's Star, died at Providence Hospital about 1 o'clock this morning. When Deputy Coroner Glazebrook heard of the case he gave an order for the removal of the body to Lee's undertaking establishment. The Virginia authorities were untified of the man's feath, and an inquest may be held at Jackson City.

The will of the late William W. Dedrick, dated May 10, 1897, naming Wm. S. Fitch as executor, was filed today. The estate, consisting mainly of personal effects, is divided between Harry Lee Dedrick of St. Louis, an adopted son, and Mrs. Jessie Orcutt of Kulamazoo, Mich. Mrs. Orcutt is given life insurance policies.

Both Sentenced.

Charles Green and Thomas Washington the colored boys who were arrested yester day by Precinct Detective Sutton for rob-bing the Regal shoe store, as published in yesterday's Star, were given a hearing in the Police Court this afternoon. Green pleaded guilty to three charges of larceny and was fined \$25 or seventy-five days. Washington, who pleaded not guilty, was convicted and fined \$35 or 105 days.

Senate. GALLERIES TALLED WITH VISITORS

Illinois Senator Says Bayonets Are Needed as Well as Bread.

REFERS TO POLITE DELAYS

There was no abatement of interest in the Cuban question in the Senate today, and the galleries were well filled when the session opened at noon, although the Morgan resolution was not in order until 2 o'clock. The calendar was taken up and the follow ing bills and resolutions passed: Authorizing a bridge across the Pearl river, Mississippi; requesting the President to bring to the attention of Brazil the claim of Helen M. Feilder, executrix of Ernest Feilder,

for services of the ship Circussian in 1867; amending the act authorizing the building of the Duluth and Superior bridge over the St. Louis river so as to modify the conditions as to dredging; authorizing the construction of bridges across the Missouri river between its mouth and the mouth of the Dakota or James river, and across the Mississippi river between the mouth of the Minnesota river, in Minnesota, and Don-aldsonville, La., and across the Illinois and Desplaines rivers between the mouth of the Illinois and Jollet, Ill., and to prescribe he character, location and dimens he same.

the same.

Appropriating \$30,000 for a quarantine station at Astoria, Oregon; appropriating \$60,000 for lights at Green's Ledge, and \$10,000 for Peck's Ledge, Norwalk harbor, Connecticut; appropriating \$25,000 to Richmond College, Richmond, Va., for war losses. Authorizing a bridge across the Red River

of the North at Drayton, N. D. The conference report on the Indian apropriation bill was presented and agree The presiding officer named Mr. Pasco of

Florida as one of the board of visitors to West Point, vice Senator Walthall, declined Promptly at 2 o'clock the presiding officer hid the Morgan Cuban resolution before the Senate, and Mr. Mason of Illinois was recognized.

The senator began with sarcastic refer ence to the "polite delays" of the Senate which had taken the place of "old game of fill-uster." On one pretense or other, he said, the opposition to this resolution had succeeded in delaying action day after day. Day after day the American people have awaited that action, and had expected that at last the barbarities of the Spaniard would be checked. Until at last it seeme as though the voice of the American people was to remain silent while the "sale of girls, the murder of children and the bar-barities which the Spaniard calls war," preceeds in Cuba.

Time to Act. The senator declared it was time to put

aside diplomatic subterfuge that language was to be used to conceal thought. It was time to act; to carry out the platform of the republican party, and to speak here and now in behalf of Cuba. Mr. Mason referred to "that splendid gentleman" in he presidential chair, and to the President's Cuban message yesterday in proof of the serious conditions prevailing in

"Here is the proof," exclaimed the sena tor, "in the communication of the President stating that 800 citizens of the United States have been forced into towns and are destitute. Who forced them there? Was it the insurgents? Then there is war in Cuba. Was it the Spamards? Then if there is not war there ought to be, and with us. Eight hundred Americans driven from home starving, and still some sena-In sarcastic tones the senator said that with this statement that 800 Americans

were suffering, we passed a resolution in ard, let us bring home our Americans and protect them under our flag."
And yet there is no war in Cuba.
"If eight hundred American citizens are

being driven like swine," exclaimed Mr.
Mason, "compelling us to send from our
shore to protect them, in the name of God,
if it is not war, what is it?"

Did the Senate propose proceeded Mr. Did the Senate propose, proceeded Mr. Mason, to give notice that Coxey's army had moved to the Island of Cuba, and 800 members of that army are tramps? Would the Senate delay while 800 Americans are

suffering because "the brute" who com mands the Spanish army drives them into

The senator's remarks were punctuated with applause, but up to this time there was no vociferous demonstration.

Mr. Mason turned his attention to the remarks favorable to England, made by Mr. Wellingtor of Maryland yesterday.

"Yes, we owe her (England) a good deal," declared Mr. Mason, "but we settled a good part of it at Bünker Hill.

"Another part of it we settled here in the

"Another part of it we settled here in the Senate two weeks ago."

This latter remark was directed at the defeat of the arbitration treaty, and was the first public reference to it in the Senate

Mr. Mason said we are so delicate of the feelings of the Spanish minister as to be willing to humiliate our fellow citizens in

by making them the subjects of "Whether the United States shall inter-fere or nct," he said, "under the provi-dence of God Cuba shall be free, and there

shall be no slave on the American hemis ohere."
Mr. Mason had an extract from a news paper letter written by Karl Decker read, and in reply to a question by Mr. Welling-ton said it was necessary to take the best in formation obtainable.

Mr. Weilington said it was a government on paper. "As good a government as was behind Washington at Valley Forge!" said Mr. Mason.

Mr. Wellington Replies Warmly. Mr. Wellington replied with same warmth

hat he would not permit himself to be misrepresented or American history falsi-Mr. Mason stood by his original proposition, saying that without Lafayette's aid

Washington's government "was not worth Washington's government "was not worth a continental d—."

What we should do was to give to Cuba what Lafayette gave to Washington.

Mr. Mason was frequently applauded, but Mr. Wellington said this did not affect him in the least. He was aware that he had espoused a cause which was new unpopular, but time would show that he was right in his position.

Continuing. Mr. Mason read from reports.

espoused a cause which was new unpopular, but time, would show that he was right in his position.

Continuing, Mr., Mason read from reports made to the Senate by the committee on foreign relations in support of his statement that as Cuben government exists.

"Mr. Wellington was elected on the platform of independence for Cuba," he said. "So was I. So was Mr. McKiniey. And I am here to stand by it so long as I continue on the pay roll."

He thanked God that Columbus' bones were not buried in Spanish soil, and said that Spain had repudiated the discoverer of America when he failed to take gold back with him.

He said that during the last campaign he had felt the utilise of thousands of people and was satisfied there was a deep general interest among the people in the interest of Cuban freedom. He was for Cuba not for commercial beasons or for better reasons. He wanted do give Cuba an equal show with Spain. He asserted that we have paying taxes to prevent native Cubans returning to fight for their country.

Mr. Mason predicted that this country would yet develop a Lafsyette for Cuba. He took up the denial of Assistant Secretary Rockhill that he had directed United States consuls to withhold reports, but said that Mr. Rockhill could not deny that for months his department had been in possession of information of the suffering of Americans in Cuba, and that it had not gone to the executive until last Saturday.

Newspaper Accounts Defended.

The senator read newspaper extracts showing the condition of affairs in Cuba.
"Is that the kind of information." interjected Mr. Wellington, "that the Senate of the United States is to have as a basis for a resolution of belliperency?"

Mr. Mason replied that the Senate must act on its best information and when the

of Correspondent Crosby, w field during an engagement.

Speaking of the newspaper reports of the war, Mr. Mason defended them as in the main correct. He said that 50 per cent of the men who had gone to Cuba to write of the war had lost their lives. Surely they could not be charged with taking this risk to secure matter for fiction.

He defended newspaper writers in general, saying that those who were compelled to sit in the gallery and listen to Mr. Wellington's speeches were by no means

wellington's speeches were by no means adequately paid. He proposed to vote on the resolution even if it took all summer. Cubs. was popular at St. Louis when the party wanted votes, and he appealed to republican senators to stand by the declaration.

INSISTING ON A VOTE.

What the Friends of the Morgan Resolution Demand.

The prospects are that if an attempt is nade to filibuster so as to prevent a vote on the Morgan belligerency resolution it may interfere with the consideration of the tariff at the time agreed upon. Some of the friends of the Morgan resolution are talking very determinedly, and insist that a vote shall be had on that resolution before

any other question is taken up. Senator Mason is emphatic in his declara senator mason is emphatic in his declara-tion that it must be disposed of before the tariff is taken up. The Morgan resolution being the regular order, it cannot be dis-placed by the tariff or anything else, ex-cept by a vote of the Senate or by unanimous consent. A vote is what the friends of the resolution want, and any one sensor can prevent unanimous consent.

TREASURY RESERVE FUND.

Mr. Stewart's Proposed Amendmen to the Tariff Bill.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada gave notive in th enate today of an amendment which he would offer to the tariff bill. It provides that there shall be, at all times, a reserve fund in the treasury of \$50,000,000; that whenever the available balance in the treasury shall exceed \$50,000,000, it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to invest the surplus over the sum in United States bonds, and that when less than \$50,000,000 is in the treasury he shail ssue legal tender non-interest-bearing notes to make up the deficiency; that such notes shall be redeemable out of the first surplus over \$50,000,000; that in case insufficient coin to meet the coin obligations of the United States shall on obligations of the United States shall come into the treasury through the ordinary sources revenue, the Secretary shall exchange the silver certificates paid for the coin in the treasury for the coin which is in the treasury for their redemption; that the conver-sion of the silver certificates shall discharge the coin obligations of the United States, and it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Treasury to coin sufficient of the silver bullion purchased under the law of July 14. 1830, to supply all deficiencies in the supply of coin (under these provisions) to meet and discharge all coin obligations present-

FAVORS PROPOSED DRY DOCKS,

ecretary Long Submits His Views to the Senate Naval Affairs Committee. Secretary Long today sent a letter to Senator Hale, chairman of the naval affairs committee, in reply to the committee's request for his views on the bills pro viding for the construction of dry docks at Boston, Mass., and Portsmouth, N. H. He indorses both propositions.

"The growing commercial interests of the country, as well as the very large increase of the navy," he says, "render it evident that additional provision should be made in their behalf. There appears no reason why the navy yards at Portsmouth and why the navy yards at Portsmouth and Beston should not be utilized to a much larger extent than of late years, and every reason why with the growth of the country they should not be dispensed with. It seems to be the universal opinion of the verious bureaus of this department there should be one or more large dry dccks in New England. That portion of sed than aug n case of wa

region should not be dependent upon one great dock at New York.
"Indeed, just at this time of peace the accident which has recently befallen the arother would be, inasmuch as one or two of our large battle ships are now waiting, and important work upon them is delayed for want of a dock sufficiently large for their accommodation."

He suggests that the Boston dock should of the two, be the first built, and recom-mends that it should be 700 feet in length.

Meeting Tonight of Directors of Mary land Railroad Company. The annual meeting of the stockholders and a special meeting of the directors of the Columbia and Maryland Railroad Compeny will take place this evening at Catonsville, Md., near Baltimore. It is gen-erally understood that no steps will be taken for the present, at least, toward building the road beyond its present terminus at the District of Columbia line, no will there be a reorganization of the com pany in the near future. Until the latter is done, all reports of the extension of the line from Washington will, it is stated on authority, be without foundation.

Women Working for Cuba. Mrs. Clara Bell Brown, director genera of the Woman's National Cuban League has called a meeting of the organization to be held Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock in parlor 30 of the Riggs House. There i a great deal of interest being taken by members of the gentle sex in the league, and numerous applications for membership are being received daily. The meeting Fri-day will be an open one and all ladies de-siring to show helpful sympathy for Cuba will be welcome.

Urged Keys' Appointment.

A delegation of ministers from the col ored Baptist and Methodist churches of the city called upon the Commissioners this morning to urge the appointment of R. H. Keys as sealer of weights and measures for the District of Columbia.

Mr. Banks Reinstated.

Mr. A. R. Banks was today reinstated to

a clerkship in the pension office. Mr. Banks

is an old soldier and came under rule 9 of the civil service. He was for four years, from 1875 to 1879, private secretary to Senator Ingalis of Kansas. Denth of Mrs. Evans. The many friends of Mr. Frank D. Evans, the well-known contractor, will regret to learn of the death of his wife, which oc-

curred this morning at 3 o'clock, after a iong and painful Illness, which she bore with great patience.
She leaves besides her husband two daughters, Mrs. John L. Gundling and Mrs. Geo. M. Koenig, to mourn the loss of a good

Commissioner Wight's Decisions. Commissioner Wight has refused to reopen the case of ex-Policeman Evans, recently dismissed under serious charges, and has refused the application in behalf of ex-Policeman George E. Sullivan, for reinstatement under the soldier and sailor cleuse. He has consented, however, to look further into the case of Charles C. Smith, also an ex-policeman, and with the consent of the other Commissioners, will give him an opportunity of filing another application and taking the examinations.

Eight-Hour Crusade in Cleveland. CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 18.-The Allied Metals Trade Council at a meeting deunion to send an organizer to this city to assist in a general crusade for the eight-hour day for all metal workers.

At New York—Rotterdam, from Shields; Kensington, from Antwerp. At Bremen—H. H. Meler, from New York.

At Gibraitar Kaiser Wilhelm II, from New York for Genoa.

DUE TO PROFESSIONAL BUYING

Still a Deplorable Lack of Outside Interest.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

pecial Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, May 18.-Opening prices this morning reflected advances varying

from 1-4 to 1-2 per cent, the demand, as usual, coming from sources recently con spicuous in the opposite account. The granger shares were especially strong, St. Paul and Burlington attracting a fair volume of business at the advance. The coal shares, under the influence of

New Jersey Central, failed to respond to the better tone elsewhere noticeable The belief that a demand of considerable proportions will arise in the near future is growing in conservative circles, and international issues are being carefully studied in consequence. The drawbacks due to merely professional operations are apparent on all sides, and it is worthy of note that a market rarely continues in one direction more than thirty-six hours under

direction more than thirty-six hours under such conditions. Some realizing based on the prospect of lower prices was a feature of the early morning, but for once the demand was superior to the selling.

Unless a broader market intervenes and an increase in commission buying is reported, a fractional reaction would seem to be entirely in order. Owing to certain conditions, not visible on the surface, there is reason for supposing that the decline would be stayed without significant loss in prices.

The Cuban difficulty is not likely to take a form prejudicial to values, and little at-tention is being given to this subject by those with the largest financial interests. For the immediate needs of room traders sensational oratory on the subject might force a few fractions from present quotatons, but such movements do not make

Evidence of an intention to formulate a pooling bill and prepare for legislative action next winter is attracting attention. This subject, while of vital importance to the prosperity of the railroads, is scarcely more than a prospective factor.

It would become significant, however, if coupled with favorable decisions on cases coupled with favorable decisions on cases now awaiting judgment. From the charac-ter of the arguments used in at least one of these cases, the law would seem to be confined to the briefs of the railroad's representatives. Next Monday's opinions of the Supreme Court are awaited with unusual interest.

The gold export movement continues to be encouraging, the effort to keep the outflow down to minimum proportions giving every evidence of success. There is almost no Lad news in sight for the market. Professionalism is the chief drawback to prices. Advances and reac-tions seem likely to follow in rapid successien, but the recoveries should never

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

The following are the opening, the highest and the lowest and the closing prices of the New York stock market today, as reported by Corson & Macartney, member York stock exchange. Correspo York stock exchange. Correspondents Messrs. Moore & Schley, No. 80 Broadway

Open. High. Low.
American Spirits. 10% 10% 10% 10%
American Sugar. 118% 114 118%
American Sugar, pfd. 104 104 104
American Sugar, pfd. 104 104 104 104 104 70% 70% 104 70% American Tobacco, American Cotton Oll.... 701 98% 74% 104% 81% 74 68% 56% 160% 148% Chicago, St. Paul, M.&O. Consolidated Gas. Del. Lack. & W. Delaware & Hudson. Den. & Rio Grande, pfd. 12 General Riectric..... 168% 168% 45% 44% 163 % 45% 104% 84% 104% lahattan Elevated..... Michigan Central..... Missouri Pacific.... 12% 95% 99% 12% 36% 13% 26% National Lead Co. National Lead Co., pfd... National Lead Co., pfd... New Jersey Central... New York Central... Northern Pacific...... Northern Pacific, pfd... Ont. & Western. Pacific Mail.
Phila & Reading.
Pullman P. C. Co.
Southern Ry., pfd.
Phila. Traction
Texas Pacific.
Tenn. Coal & Iron
Union Pacific.
U. S. Leather. pfd. 63% 19 73% 54% 18% 77%

Laclede Gas..... 2314 2314

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call—12 o'clock m.—Washington Market 0s, \$100 at 110. Washington Gas, 25 at 43½. Pneumatic Gen Carriage, 100 at 37 cents. Mergenthaler Lindype, 10 at 122, 5 at 121½. Lauston Monotype, 10 at 6%, 15 at 6%.

District of Columbia Bonds.—20-year Fund. 5s, 103 bid. 30-year Fund. gold 0s, 112 bid. Water Stock currency 7s, 1901, 113 bid. Water Stock currency 7s, 1901, 113 bid. Pund. currency 3, 65s, 109½ bid, 111½ asked.

Miscellaneous Bonds.—Metropolitan Railroad 5s, 0 bid, 50 decidences, 112 bid. Metropolitan Railroad Centificate of Indebtedness, 112 bid. Belt Railroad 5s, 60 bid, 50 asked. Eckington Railroad 6s, 85 bid, 90 asked. Columbia Railroad 6s, 115 bid, 117 asked. Washington Gas Company, er. A, 6s, 114½ bid. Washington Gas Company, er. B, 6s, 115½ bid. Chesapeake and ol'tomac Telephone 5s, 103 bid. American Security and Trust 5s, F, and A., 100 bid. American Security and Trust 5s, F, and A., 100 bid. Washington Market Company list 6s, 110 bid. Washington Market Company list 6s, 110 bid. Washington Market Company exten. 6s, 110 bid. Washington Hall Association 5s, 103 bid. Washington Light Infantry 1st 6s, 95 bid.

National Bank Stocks.—Bank of Washington, 261 bid. 275 asked. Bank of Republic, 231 bid. Metropolitan, 127 bid. Capital, 120 bid. West End, 105 bid. 108 asked. Traders', 95 bid. 96 asked. Lincoln, 104 bid. 106 asked.

Sate Deposit and Trust, 115 bid, 120 asked. Washington Stocks.—Franklin, 125 bid. Washington Stocks.—Franklin, 25 bid. Metropolitan, 124 bid. Occoran, 55 bid. Poposit, 52½ bid. Arliagaton, 130 bid. 155 asked. Columbia, 54 bid. Lincoln, 8½

mercial, 4½ bid.

Title Imurance Stocks.—Real Estate Title, 48 bid.

108 asked. Columbia Title, 5 bid, 5% asked.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 38 bid, 50 asked.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 38 bid, 50 asked.

Telephone Stocks.—Pennsylvania, 38 bid, 50 asked. American Graphophone, 8% bid, 0 asked. American Graphophone, ptd., 10 bid. Pneumatic Gun Carriage, 35 bid, 37 asked.

Miscellaneous Stocks.—Mergonthaler Linotype, 121% bid, 122% asked. Washington Market, 11 bid. Great Falls Ice, 118 bid.

Government Bonds Quotations reported by Corson & Macart-Asked. per cents, registered ...

per cents, coupon of 1907.. 112 per cents, registered of 1907 11014 per cents, coupon of 1925.. 1224 4 per cents, registered of 1925 122% 5 per cents, coupon of 1904. 113 5 per cents, registered of 1904 113 Currency 6 per cents of 1896. 104% Currency 6 per cents of 1896. 104%

BALTIMORE May 18.—Floor dull, unchanged receipts, 5.700 burrels; exports, 5.012 harrels. Wheat dell and cany—pot and month, 1952-79; valy, 15 asked; August, 1794-asked receipts, 5.50 bushels:

185 bushels; exports, 233,014 bushels; stock, 835, 897 bushels; ades, 19,000 bushels southern white cora, 34; do, yellow, 23. Outs firm—No. 2 white cora, 34; do yellow, 23. Outs firm—No. 2 white cora, 34; do yellow, 24,625 receipts, 10,205 bushels; exports, none; stock, 62,488 bushels. Rys weak—No. 2 searby, 40; No. 2 western, 40%, receipts, 10,205 bushels; exports, none; stock, 62,488 bushels. Hay weaker—choice timothy, \$13,50a\$14. Grain freights very quiet, unchanged, Sugar stendy, unchanged. Butter weak—fancy creamery, 15; do, initiation, 12a13; do, indie, 16a13; good indie, 64 10; store packed, 8a10. Eggs and cheese stendy, unchanged. Whisky unchanged.

MR. CALHOUN ENTERTAINED.

Marked Civilities Shown to the Spevist Commissioner in Havana HAVANA, May 18 .- W. J. Calhoun, the special commissioner of the United States. who is investigating the death of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, a naturalized citizen, visited the Spanish Casino last night, which was decorated and illuminated in honor of the eleventh birthday of King Alfonso.

Mr. Calhoun was accompanied by the

panish consul at Philadelphia, Dr. Jose Congosto, the mayor of Havana; Senor Michael Diaz and Dr. Jover, who acted as interpreter. Mr. Calboun admired the building, and expressed appreciation of the courtesy with which he was received.

After the guests and their hosts had partaken of refrashments the secretary of the casino toasted "Peace for Cuba and Sincere and Unalterable Friendship Between the United States and Snain." Dr. Jover

the United States and Spain." Dr. Jover then toasted "President McKinley" in Eng-lish, which was responded to by Mr. Cal-houn. The first words which the latter uttered on gaining his feet showed him to be an accomplished orator as well as a dis-creet diplomat. After some preliminary remarks of complimentary nature, Mr. Cal'houn said

that when he received his appointment to come to Cuba he formed the idea that he was going to a foreign country, but the hespitality he had met with in Spanish territory had made his residence here so pleasant that he began to believe himself among his own people, and yet was almost forgetting his own country, while longing for the approach of peace and progress for Cuba. Mr. Calhoun left the casino shortly before II o'clock

ing Cincinnati's Mayor. COLUMBUS, Ohio, May 18.-The supreme court today pronounced a special act constitutional which was passed in 1826 exending the term of the mayor of Cincinnati to July 1, 1897.

The result is that John A. Caldwell, pres ent mayor, will hold over and make im-portant appointments, some of which contin-ue beyond the term of Gustav Tafel, who was elected mayor this spring, and wine went into the courts to obtain immediate possession of the office.

HER REAL NAME IS CHANDLER

SAN FRANCISCO, May 18.-The name of Mrs. Yvonne Carleton, the actress, who was taken to a hospital here Sunday, suffering from insanity, is Minnie Fay Burns Chandler, and she is the wife of George H. Chandler, formerly of the Standard Oll Company at Omaha. The girl was adopted when a child by the family of M. J. Burns, manager of the Insurance Compact for Colorado, Wyoming, Montana and New Mrs. Burns is the sister of Cresswell

Mur, who when he died owned land near Pomona, Cal., valued at several hundred thousand dollars. Mrs. Chandler has long thousand dollars. Mrs. Chandler has long believed that Muir was really her father. The woman arrived here from Denver, with her little son, about a year ago, coming, she stated, at the instigation of her husband, who falled to follow her, as he promised to do, and who has sent her no promise. Ever since her life has been one money. Ever since her life has been one of privation and ill-paid toil.

General Weyler Appoints a Regional

Governor and Secretary. HAVANA, May 18.-The Marquis Palnerola returned to this city last night from Placetas, province of Santa Clara, with a decree which had been signed there by Captain General Weyler appointing the marquis regional governor of Havana and secretary ad interim of the general government and appointing Senor Manual Lo-pez Gamundi to be subintendento. Both these officials took charge of their posts

Changes in the War Office in Bra-zil. RIO DE JANEIRO, May 18.-The minister of war, General Bernardo Vasques, has

FUSION BILL FAILS.

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 18.-The fight in the state senate that promised such bitter and sensational results, is over so far as the bone of contention-the fusion bill-is concerned. All agree that the bill cannot become a law before Friday, and all thought of attempting to extend the session beyond the constitutional limit has been abandoned.

The silver minority has won its fight against the fusion bill, not only by its own good generalship, but because a part of the republicans were lukewarm in their support of the gold democrats who originated it.

LORD SONERSET DEAD.

His Widow is Lady Henry Somerset of Temperance Fame. LONDON, May 18.-Lord Henry Edward Somerset, fourth son of the Duke of Beaufort, is dead. He was born in 1853, and married in 1880 the youngest daughter of Sir Alexander Dixie, bart. He leaves one son and his wife survives him

TO DAM THE DELAWARE.

Griggs this afternoon signed the Delaware dam bill. The bill authorizes the damming of any stream in the state under certain

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 18.-It is announced by Dr. James, who is a close friend of Dr. Hunter, and who has jus

Bieyele Race Score. CHICAGO, May 18.-At noon the score in the seventy-two hours intercity relay bicycle race was as follows: For New York

ALBANY, N. Y., May 18.-Gov. Black cided to ask each international metal trades

before 11 o'clock. CALDWELL HOLDS OVER.

Ohio Supreme Court Decision Affect

identity of Mrs. Carleton, a Demented California Actress.

Mexico.

NEW HAVANA OFFICIALS.

GENERAL VASQUES RESIGNS.

resigned, and has been succeeded by General Marcado Bitencourt.

Fight in the Kentucky Senate Wills Consequently Cease.

Anne, Dowager Duchess of Atholl, widow of the sixth duke, is dead. She was a daughter of the late Henry Home Drum-

daughter of the late Henry Hon mond of Blair Drummond, N. B.

Gov. Griggs Has Signed the Bill for That Purpose. TRENTON, N. J., May 18.-Governor

restrictions for the purpose of securing power.

It is designed primarily to authorize the damming of the Delaware river at Trenton, and was pushed by the Trenton board of trade. The bill provides for the acquiring of land for raceways by confemnation proceedings. In the bill it is stipulated that a fishway must be constructed to permit the fish to pass up and down the river.

Dr. Hunter to Go to Perr

been assured of the appointment as United States marshal, that Dr. Hunter will be named as minister to Peru in a few days. This is the post agreed upon for the de-feated Kentucky senatorial candidate.

-Flemirg, 163 miles, 4 laps; Simpkins, 102 miles 8 laps. Simpkins is taking the place of H. Stewart.

For Chicago—Hannant, 103 miles 2 laps; W. Stewart, 103 miles 4 laps.

has refused to grant the requisition of the governor of Utah for the custody of Clar-ence Barton and Graves, who are under arrest in New York city, charged with the theft of \$5,200 from the Utah Loan and Trust Company of Ogden City.

Mr. Wight at the White House. Commissioner Wight had a talk of so ength with the President this afterno luring which District affairs in gene